

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY CONTROL BOARD

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IN RE: PROPOSED RULEMAKING FOR EXCLUSION FOR IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING HAZARDOUS WASTE AT MAX ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. BULGER AND YUKON

(25 Pa. Code Chapter 261a)

FACILITIES

PUBLIC HEARING

* * * * * * * *

BEFORE: LAURA GRIFFIN, Chair

Kate Cole, Member

Darek Jagiela, Member

Jennifer Swan, Member

HEARING: Wednesday, January 26, 2022

6:00 p.m.

LOCATION: Virtual Hearing

WITNESSES: Tina Curry, James Cato, Elissa Weiss

Anais Peterson, Diana Steck, Debbie Larson

Reporter: Gregory S. Jones

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIR: Good evening, everyone. I would like to welcome you to the Environmental Quality Board's public hearing on the proposed rulemaking for Exclusion for Identification and Listing Hazardous Waste at MAX Environmental Technologies, Inc. Boulder - Bulger and Yukon Facilities.

My name is Laura Griffin. I am the Regulatory Coordinator for the Department of Environmental Protection. I am representing the Environmental Quality Board or EQB at today's hearing. And assisting me this evening are Kate Cole, Darek Jagiela, and Jennifer Swan.

I officially call this hearing to order at $6:01\ p.m.$

The purpose of this hearing is to formally accept testimony on the proposed rulemaking.

This proposed rulemaking was adopted by the EQB at its meeting on September 21st, 2021. The proposed rulemaking would delist or remove the wastewater treatment sludge filter cake generated at the MAX Bulger and Yukon facilities from the list of

hazardous wastes as long as specific conditions are met.

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A delisting petition is a request to remove waste from a particular facility from the list of hazardous wastes identified under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976. This proposed rulemaking is the result of two delisting petitions submitted by MAX Environmental Technologies, Inc. for the wastewater treatment sludge filter cake currently listed as hazardous wastes generated at the MAX Bulger and Yukon facilities. Wastewater treatment sludge filter cake is the solids that are removed from wastewater during the treatment process. The petition process required MAX Environmental to show that the wastewater treatment sludge filter cake generated at the MAX Bulger and Yukon facilities did not meet any of the criteria for which the waste was originally listed as hazardous, and does not exhibit any hazardous waste characteristics, which are ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity and toxicity.

It is important to emphasize that a delisting could - could take - sorry. It is important to emphasize that a delisting does not exclude a hazardous waste from hazardous waste

regulation. More accurately, a delisting excludes a waste that is not hazardous from being managed as a hazardous waste.

The delisting petition process and associated analysis by the Department demonstrated that the wastewater treatment sludge filter cake from both the MAX Bulger and Yukon facilities did not meet the criteria for being listed as hazardous wastes and did not exhibit any hazardous waste characteristics. As such, this proposed rulemaking would amend the Department's regulations under Chapter 261a Appendix IXa, Table 1a to remove or delist the wastewater treatment sludge filter cake at the MAX Bulger and Yukon facilities from the list of hazardous wastes, as long as specific conditions are met to demonstrate the filter cake does not exhibit any hazardous waste characteristics.

This concludes the summary of the rulemaking. If you would like to access a more detailed explanation of regulatory amendments included in this rulemaking, you can visit eComment on DEP's webpage and select Regulations.

In order to ensure everyone has an equal opportunity to comment on this proposal, I would like to establish the following rules. I will

call upon the witnesses who have registered to testify at this hearing. All who registered were assigned a number indicating the order in which witnesses will be called on to speak. Testimony is limited to five minutes for each witness. If you are attending online and you can see your screen you'll see on the right-hand side a timer, it says five minutes right now, which I will start once the speaker begins speaking.

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Please note that written and spoken testimony both carry the same weight. If you should run out of time for your spoken testimony, we will read the rest of your comments from your written testimony. As advised in registration correspondence, please provide a copy of your written testimony to regcomments@pa.gov. address is R-E-G-C-O-M-M-E-N-T-S@P-A dot G-O-V. Your e-mail must note that you are submitting testimony for proposed rulemaking Exclusion for Identification and Listing Hazardous Waste at MAX Environmental Technologies Bulger and Yukon Facilities, along with your first and last name, mailing address, e-mail address, and if you are commenting on behalf of an organization. note this information is being added to the chat

box. You can - you can write it down from there to if you could attach that on Facebook.

Testimony is not required to be five minutes long. If other people who provide testimony before you are making similar statements to yours, you are free to abbreviate or summarize your verbal testimony and still provide the full testimony via e-mail.

You do not have to provide verbal testimony in order to be included in the public record. All written testimony submitted to regcomments@pa.gov will also be reviewed by the D - EQB and Department and will be included in the public record. The public comment period on this proposed rulemaking closes on February 22nd. Public comments will not be accepted for the public record on this proposed rulemaking after that date.

When you start speaking, please state your name, address and affiliation if applicable for the record prior to presenting your testimony. The EQB would appreciate your help by spelling out your name and terms that may not be generally familiar so that the transcript can be as accurate as possible.

Because the purpose of a hearing is to receive comments on the proposal, Department staff

cannot address questions about the proposed rulemaking during the hearing.

In addition to, or in place of verbal testimony presented at today's hearing, interested persons may also submit written comments on this proposal. Again, written and verbal comments hold the same weight when considered in the finalization of this proposed rulemaking. All testimony and written comments provided become a part of the official public record. All comments must be received by the EQB on or before February 22nd, 2022.

There are a few ways - different ways to submit written comments, which is separate from testimony. Comments may be submitted online through eComment, which is accessible from DEP's website by going to the DEP homepage www.dep.pa.gov, and selecting eComment under the heading Public Participation at the top of the page, or comments may be submitted by e-mail at regcomments@pa.gov. A subject heading of the proposed rulemaking and a return - your return name and address must be included in each e-mail. Comments may also be sent through US postal mail addressed to the Environmental Quality Board, P.O. Box 8477,

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Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17105-8477.
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All testimony received at this hearing, as well as written comments received by February 22nd, 2022, will be considered by the EQB and will be included in a comment and response document, which will be prepared by DEP and reviewed by the EQB prior to the Board taking its final action on this regulation.

I would now like to call for the first commenter, Tina Curry.

MS. CURRY: Can you hear me?

CHAIR: Yes, we can, Tina.

Please go ahead.

MS. CURRY: Okay. Perfect. Oh my goodness. Good job. Patting myself on the back.

Hello. My name's Tina Curry. I have been a citizen of the Yukon, which is - I was probably a city and a block half away from MAX Environmental for 16 years. It's in the Yukon location.

But let's back this all up because I'm sitting here listen to you talk. Did anybody ask themselves why is this so important that MAX wants these chemicals delisted? Why are we having the same exact meeting that we've had a year ago in

November, within a year, the same exact meeting for them to have this stuff delisted? I'm going to tell you why. Because MAX Environmental has a permit to treat, to store in Yukon. Guess what they don't have in Yukon? They're out of space. It doesn't have space to store anything there; it's just as a treatment. That's their 40-foot vertical increase. And guess what they do have. Bulger has all the space they want down there.

So they want to be able store it in Yukon, treat it in Yukon with the discharge in the Sewickley Creek and transport it down to Bulger.

That's why we're sitting here tonight. And I'm going to tell you - that's - that's exactly why we're sitting here tonight.

Whether - I'm a common citizen. I'm not a scientist. I didn't know any of this going into any of this. I was simply a neighbor. Okay. And in - in the years of going through this and watching and learning, educating myself on it, I see the bigger picture. I get the - the business aspect of it, but at what part are we going to say okay, the human life already has enough jumping off? We already have enough going on with COVID. We have enough going on with this, with that, the other. We

don't need to be poisoned unknowingly. And it's not
- that's not a - a statement that I'm - I mean, it's
a statement that I'm making, but it's a fact.

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Last year we had had samples taken, at last year's November meeting with the Quality

Control Board with the delisting petition, samples taken from the Sewickley Creek by the Riverkeeper

Eric Harder and there were more than enough reasons for it to be not delisted. And they didn't get - they didn't get the delisted petition passed that's why we're sitting here now under a rulemaking. Do you see it's just another angle to continue the - the - just the long endless cycle of chaoticness?

I mean, I'm sure as well as everybody

listening on this meeting, if you and I don't get our - we all have driver's licenses, and fortunately we all do. I don't know if somebody doesn't. But we all have driver's licenses. If we Sorry. don't pay our - our fees and if we get violations on our driving records, what happens? You don't drive. Max has an endless list of violations. Right. you can ask Mountain Watershed how many times I've Hey, can you guys come down and get these called. They come down to get the samples, another samples? violation.

I'm a citizen. This is taking away from my - not only polluting my life, this is taking away from my time - my valuable precious time that was given to me on this earth. I have to spend it doing somebody else's job because let's face it, if the job was done, not one of us would be sitting here.

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I've had to be a chemo buddy to - to residents that live by MAX that have cancer - throat cancer. I lost a very good friend, not this past year, the year before. It was - it was his chemo buddy as well. I mean, I've lived in this community for 16 years. I watched it go on for 16 years. And do you know what's really sad is, this is millions one hundred million dollars-plus annual business a year and these residents don't realize the largest plastic - treatment facility in our country is located in their backyard. Their backyard. Literally in the backyard. It's - it's really a sad thing to see. It - it really is. But I mean, I just had to get that out. I'm sorry. I apologize, but it's the facts. Just these are hardcore facts.

Now as far as delisting a petition goes, like I said, it is stored and treated and they want to transport it to Bugler. We all know this.

They have no space in Yukon. MAX is filling up a - lead pipe. A pipe is actually discharging to the Sewickley Creek. It has been expired since 2009. I believe they just did - possibly and I have to fact check myself. They may have gotten a permit on that pipe, but since 2009. Think about that. Think about driving your vehicle since 2009 without a driver's license. None of us would. We'd follow the rules. See what I'm saying? 2009.

But as far as the delisting petition goes the - we have had and - and I have documentations and whatever you might need.

Obviously our Riverkeeper Eric Harder who - he has, you know, all of them. I have a majority of them, but just in case there is one I may have missed or whatnot. If you need any of the reports or whatnot, we will be more than happy and I would be more than happy to oblige by sharing them.

But if - if I can - if you can get a sample out of a DEP-permitted pipe that shows 300 times the arsenic levels after MAX Environmental treated that water - now this water returning to the Sewickley Creek. It came right from the pipe. Right from the pipe. It goes into the Sewickley. And this is the same stream, keep in mind, they have

a kid's fishing derby at every spring. You have children fishing for fish in a stream with 300 times the arsenic level. Does this sound like a permit that you would want to give to anybody? It doesn't to me. I mean, that - I mean, that alone just blows my mind. It blows my mind.

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But if you - if we had to show one of four characteristics for this to be not approved that - there's one of them. And like I said, we -Eric has all the other reports. Be more than happy to share those as well. But if that's not a reason to not give this, I don't - I don't know what - what reason is. I mean, at the end of the day it comes down to doing the right thing to not the right thing and to following the rules and not the following the It's not called bending the rules to get what you want. Yeah, I get that. I get that whole corporate idea, but at the end of the day when you're sitting there next to somebody who dies from cancer because the cancer was so aggressive that it broke his back because he lived at the trailer at the end of the road next to MAX Environmental his whole entire adult life that's gut wrenching, that's sickening. That's sickening is what it is.

CHAIR: This is Laura Griffin of DEP

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    now, but we're at least a full minute over your
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    time.
           But please - please -.
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                   MS. CURRY: Oh.
                                    I'm sorry.
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    sorry. Thank you for -.
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                   CHAIR:
                            That's okay.
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                   MS. CURRY: Because I go on with -.
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                   CHAIR:
                            It's - it's quite all right.
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    Please do submit - if you have additional written
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    testimony or if you want to submit written comments
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    please do submit to regcomments@pa.gov. But - so
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    we -
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                   MS. CURRY:
                                That's - thank you for
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    your time.
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                   CHAIR: - could get the rest of your
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    testimony.
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                   Okay?
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                   MS. CURRY:
                                That's good.
                                              Thank you.
                   CHAIR:
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                           You're welcome.
                                             Thank you,
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    Tina.
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                   MS. CURRY:
                                Have a good evening.
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                   CHAIR: You, too.
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                   MS. CURRY:
                               Thank you.
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                   CHAIR:
                            Okay.
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                   And next witness is James Cato.
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                   James, are you with us?
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MR. CATO: Yeah. Can you hear me?

CHAIR: Yes, I can.

Please go ahead, James.

MR. CATO: Thank you.

Hello. My name is James Cato. I'm a resident of Pittsburgh. I'll try to keep this pretty short.

Obviously, this decision should be made taking many factors into consideration, and I know that, but given what we do know about this facility I'm going to talk about one of those factors a little bit more in depth and definitely urge the Board to deny this request to reclassify these sludge cakes. And - and here's why.

A review of MAX's compliance history shows a consistent failure to monitor and report.

The - the consequences would be really, really terrible if MAX incorrectly sampled or failed to report if this request is granted. If this hazardous sludge is not monitored properly and it's being treated as nonhazardous waste it could be buried onsite, which would obviously leach into the soil and potentially the water systems which would surely damage the surrounding community. And so far MAX Environmental has shown either a lack of ability

or a lack of intent to consistently comply with DEP regulations.

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The Bulger and Yukon facilities have collected over 110 violations by the DEP and EPA since 2009. So yeah, please - please allow me to mention a few of those DEP issued violations which I think are particularly concerning and relevant with regards to this delisting position, but this is from This is just a few of them; hazardous a biq pool. waste containers leaking onto the ground, failure to maintain leak detection, receiving and storing residual waste not permitted by the DEP, improperly labeling waste or failing to label it all, open burning, causing an unauthorized release of residual waste leachate, allowing uncontrolled fugitive dust emissions to leave the site, exceeding site capacity, failing to perform radiation source checks and failing to perform weekly site inspections.

So many of these violations that that I have mentioned have led DEP to issue civil
penalties and fines. These penalties have been
issued at least once a year every single year from
2012 to the present. And since 2009 MAX has been
fined at least 25 times for a total of over \$850,000
in penalties. Meanwhile, if this delisting petition

is approved, MAX itself estimates that it would save almost a million dollars annually, about \$950,000.

So it seems to me that to reward MAX Environmental financially by delisting this hazardous waste knowing the facility's very sketchy history of noncompliance, it seems really counterproductive to the interests of environmental protection. So I would certainly urge the Board to deny this request. Thank you so much. That - that's everything that I have to say tonight.

11 CHAIR: Thank you for your comments, 12 James.

Our third witness is Elissa Weiss.

MS. WEISS: Hello. Can you hear me?

CHAIR: Yes, we can, Elissa.

MS. WEISS: Okay.

17 CHAIR: Please go ahead when you're

18 ready.

MS. WEISS: My name is Elissa Weiss, E-L-I-S-S-A, Weiss, W-E-I-S-S. I'm an internist and I live at 134 Dennis Drive, Glenshaw, PA 15116. I'm speaking as citizen and a lot of what I will say will probably echo some of the points that have been made before, but I'm speaking to strongly urge the Environmental Quality Board to deny MAX's request to

reclassify the sludge generated from their treatment systems at the Yukon and Bulger facilities as nonhazardous.

MAX's history is significant and impactful noncompliance, some of which we just heard about that has merited that 100 violations from DEP and penalties yearly since 2012 and fines as recent as one month ago, clearly indicates that they are unable or unwilling to comply with adherence to the legitimate internal waste analysis procedures, the self-monitoring, self-reporting and recordkeeping that is described and required in the delisting petition evaluation reports that DEP put up on - as accessible in their description of this rulemaking.

In the waste description portions of these reports, it is specified that MAX must analyze representative samples of the treatment sludge at a frequency of one sample per 20 cubic yards using such and such a method with appropriate determination levels and quality control procedures. And MAX has been issued violations for not following required waste testing procedures and not testing for correct constituents in the past.

Also specified in those reports are sample collection and analysis processes saying all

data submitted with a signed copy of the statement to certify the truth and accuracy of the data submitted, records of operating conditions and analytical data must be complied, summarized and maintained on site for a minimum of three years. You would be trusting that a company with MAX's noncompliance history that includes failure to provide DEP with required reporting, failure to monitor, failure to make records available to DEP and for incomplete records will fulfill the very conditions for the exclusions to be valid.

You would be trusting to store in containers that are to remain covered except when sludge is being added or removed and managed in accordance with sub - Subtitle C of RCRA, a company that has been issued with violations for not properly - closed containers of hazardous waste, the hazardous waste containers leaking onto the ground, failure to maintain leak detection, improper labeling or non-labeling of waste. You would trust this company that has failed to notify DEP of unlawful discharge of wastewater with notifying DEP of changes in disposal of the waste that was modeled and predicted.

This degree of trust in light of this

company's history is unwarranted, unacceptable and might even be considered negligent for the exposure risk to human health and the environment that it would create.

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An outstanding question in my mind is in what sort of reliable, durable housing are the sludge cakes to be buried? And the elephant in the room, with a large of percentage of oil and gas waste in a waste stream that MAX facilities accept, I would submit that the radioactivity must be included in your considerations, even if it is only supposedly a subject of pending legislation. not the job of DEP to - facilitate the toileting of industries that generate toxic and harmful Their goal - the goal of protecting substances. human health and the environment cannot be achieved by cloaking, obscuring, limiting or minimizing the identities and quantities of the dangerous or seemingly innocuous entities that currently exist or are yet to be created and that will come to be combined in the mix of disposal sites whose contents may be one earnest groundhog's explorations away from being liberated into the environment on which we so depend.

I urge you to deny MAX's request for

Exclusion for Identification of Listing Hazardous

Waste at their Bulger and Yukon facilities and thank

you for your careful and conscientious attention to

this matter and for the opportunity to comment.

Thanks.

6 CHAIR: Thank you for your comments,
7 Elissa.

Our next witness - and then so our next witness is Anais Peterson and that will be followed by - she will be - he - I'm sorry, she - she will be followed by Diana Steck and then Gary Steck.

So Anais, are you with us?

MS. PETERSON: Yes. Can you all hear

15 me?

CHAIR: Yes, we can. Thank you.

Please go ahead.

MS. PETERSON: Yeah. Yeah, thanks for pronouncing name my right. That was very unexpected. So Anais Peterson. I am in Pittsburgh as well and I'm employed by Earthworks as a Petrochemicals Campaigner, but I am speaking tonight on my own behalf. So I am here to urge you to deny MAX's request to reclassify the sludge generated from their waste treatment as nonhazardous.

MAX treats oil and gas waste has been shown to be radioactive. Even though the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania does not currently classify this waste as radioactive or hazardous, there is pending legislation that would change that classification. Regardless of this formal classification, the research once again still shows that this waste is radioactive and the sludge left over from MAX's operations is likely radioactive and so should not be handled and - and listed as nonhazardous.

In addition to the radioactive wasterisk this waste poses, MAX has a history of violations and penalties at the Bulger and Yukon facilities, incurring over 110 violations by the DEP and EPA since 2009. I think a number of folks have listed these violations so I hope these aren't repeats, but these violations do include not properly closing containers of hazardous waste, not following required waste testing procedures, causing unauthorized release of residual waste leachate and failure to provide DEP with the required reporting on water pollution discharges, chemical releases and compliance histories.

Given this terrible record MAX has

been fined at least 25 times over and paid over \$850,000 in penalties since 2009, as they have been issued a penalty at least once year since 2012. MAX has treated these fines and penalties simply as the cost of doing business, but their noncompliance and struggle to comply with regulations is deeply troubling. And as we heard earlier on from, I believe, Tina, there are very real repercussions to the community for this absolute abysmal behavior.

MAX's has previously stated in its regulatory analysis form that delisting would save them an estimated \$950,000 annually in transport and disposal costs. It is absolutely unacceptable to consider this petition when MAX has made it clear that they're more interested in saving money than complying with safety regulations or in doing anything for the good of the community.

MAX has a lengthy history of violating laws and permit terms and giving them even less regulatory oversight places the community and the environment at a greater risk. And once again, I urge you to deny MAX's request. Thank you so much.

CHAIR: Thank you, Anais.

Our next speaker is Diana Steck.

25 Diana?

MS. STECK: Can you hear me?

CHAIR: Yes, Diana, we can.

Please go ahead when you're ready.

MS. STECK: Okay. Sorry about that.

My name's Diana Steck. Thank you for the opportunity to speak tonight. I live - my name's spelled D-I-A-N-A, S-T-E-C-K. And I live with my family in North Huntingdon, Pennsylvania.

We lived within a half mile of the Yukon MAX Environmental facility for a number of years. I have friends who currently still live near that facility. And I served as a community leader for the citizens group in the Yukon area, the Pennsylvania Environmental Network, and I'm currently a member of Mountain Watershed Organization.

I really empathize with what Tina talked about earlier. My family experienced many health problems when we lived there and, in fact, abandoned a home to move away because of health problems. My husband and I are both cancer survivors and my two children had severe asthma related to the poor air quality when we lived there.

I'm here today because I want to express my concerns and opposition to the planned

rulemaking exclusion to delist - delist these hazardous wastes at the MAX Environmental site. I implore you as Environmental Quality Board members to deny this request to reclassify the sludge generated as nonhazardous. In my opinion this action constitutes linguistic detoxification. The waste streams contain materials that contain significant radioactive substances that pose significant health risks.

Please consider the fact there is legislation pending that would classify these wastes as hazardous. It would seem to me that being proactive and acting to impose greater safety precautions would be in the best interests of the residents of Yukon and Bulger.

MAX Environmental has a horrific compliance history as you've heard from everyone who's testified thus far. It exemplifies a blatant disregard for the laws and the people of the Commonwealth. As you heard before, since 2009 over 110 violations have been filed against MAX by the DEP. Just a month ago violations related to exceeding their NPDES water pollution permit, you know, was a fine of \$28,500. In fact, MAX has not been in compliance with their water pollution

permits for 94 days during the past year.

The violations are nothing new and have been going on at this site since it first opened in the 1960s. While you may disregard the pollution and violation history that occurred under their previous name, the pollution and exposure risks to the people living nearby to both of these facilities are cumulative and have contributed to health problems and effects and deserve consideration. If anything, more stringent parameters and regulations should be applied to this known polluter.

MAX has demonstrated that they are not good neighbors and they're not law-abiding company. They have failed to follow required waste testing procedures. They've also had hazardous waste containers leaking. They have contaminated the groundwater. They have contaminated the ground. They have been caught accepting and receiving and storing residual waste that they weren't even permitted by the DEP to accept. Containers of hazardous waste were not closed properly. Leachate monitoring and management has been improperly done. And the list of compliance issues goes on and on.

This company has demonstrated time and

time again for decades that they cannot be trusted to comply with laws and regulations. They should not be rewarded for bad behavior by delisting their waste stream just so that they can make a little more profit. Relying on a company who has failed to notify DEP of compliance violations to monitor their own waste stream to ensure that hazardous limits are not exceeded is akin to putting the fox in charge of the henhouse.

We're at a critical time in our world and all means must be taken to preserve our planet. As members of the Environmental Quality Board, you have both the opportunity and a responsibility to take actions to protect not only the environment but especially the public health of the people living nearby and downstream from these facilities. Please uphold Section 27 of the PA Constitution and remember that the people have a right to clean air, pure water and the preservation of natural scenic, historic and aesthetic values of the environment. As trustee of these resources the Commonwealth shall conserve and maintain them for the benefit of all people.

I urge the EQB to deny this proposal.

And I will submit additional written comment

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detailing more of their compliance history.
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                                                  And I
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    would like you - to tell you that Gary Steck, who's
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    my husband, is unable to provide oral testimony
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    tonight due to a conflict, but he will also submit
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    written. So thank you very much for this
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    opportunity. Please do the right thing and deny
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    this request.
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                           Thank you for your comments,
                   CHAIR:
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    Diana.
            And yes, please do submit your testimony and
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    your additional comments. I'll - just to remind
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    everyone who's listening again, regcomments@pa.gov.
    Everything will be uploaded into our eComment
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    system.
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                   So - so Gary will not be testifying.
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    So our last witness who signed up is Debbie Larson.
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                   Debbie, are you with us?
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                   MS. LARSON:
                                Yes. Can you hear me?
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                   CHAIR:
                           Yes, we can, Debbie.
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                   Please go ahead whenever you're ready.
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                   MS. LARSON:
                                Sorry. I was wondering
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    if my speaker was working.
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                   CHAIR:
                           No problem.
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                   MS. LARSON:
                                Thank you.
24
                   Good evening. My name is Debbie
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Larson, and that's D-E-B-B-I-E, L-A-R-S-O-N.

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the medical outreach coordinator for the Environmental Health Project and we're located in McMurray, Pennsylvania.

Please accept this comment submitted on behalf of the Environmental Health Project, which is a nonprofit public health organization that assists and support residents of southwest Pennsylvania and beyond who believe their health has been or could be impacted by shale gas development or fracking. We submit these comments based on the potential health - public health risks to residents due to misclassifying or mishandling of hazardous waste materials.

EHP respectfully urges the

Environmental Quality Board to deny the request by

MAX Environmental Technologies to delist sludge

generated from treatment of disposal impoundment and
landfill leachate and contact stormwater at MAX's

Yukon and Bulger facilities.

One major toxic the FO39 delisting petitions do not address in the leachate sludge testing is radium. Radium-226 and 228 are present in the shale gas waste stream. It is present in Pennsylvania black shale and is brought to the service - surface with drill cutting and produced

water. Note that oil and gas waste brought to the surface during fracking operations is exempt from hazardous waste sludge regulations under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation Recovery Act. This in no way means the waste is benign. If it was, it would not require an exemption.

According to its website MAX accepts oil and gas drilling wastes, which include drill cuttings, mud, drilling fluid, equipment cleanout and unused frack sand. Note that scale solids from the equipment cleanout is another source of accumulated and concentrated radioactive material. It is imperative for the health and safety of residents living near these facilities that these sources of emissions be recognized for having hazardous and toxic components.

As water percolates through the landfill, water soluble materials, including salts and radium from the shale formation will leach out and concentrate. As the amount of shale gas waste continues to accumulate at the MAX facilities, the volume of TENORM, the technically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive material such as radium, rises as well. And over time this will increase the amount of radium present in the leachate and in the

resulting sludge filter cake from the facilities.

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This is taken directly from the PA DEP TENORM Report from 2016, Section 9, Observations and Recommendations. Filter cake from three of the nine selected landfills was sampled and analyzed using gamma spectroscopy. Radium was detected in all of the filter cake samples. Radium-226, results ranged from 8.73 to 53 picocuries per gram and radium-228, results ranged from 150 - 1.53 to 5.03 - picocuries And then they had two notes in italic. per gram. The first, there is little potential for radiological exposure to workers and members of the public from handling and temporary storage of filter cake at landfills that accept oil and gas wastes for disposal. Second note, however, there is a potential for radiological environmental impacts from spilled and the long-term disposal of landfill filter cake from landfills that accept oil and gas waste for disposal, which is what we're speaking about here. This is not a problem that will go It will only grow worse as the amount of away. TENORM in the landfill increase.

An additional health risk to populations in the proximity to the facilities is the radon coming off of each landfill as radium

decays. Radium-226 is the greater concern from a public health perspective as the human body recognizes it as calcium and has had a tendency to accumulate in bone, which may result in cancer. Radium exposure is also associated with anemia, cataracts and broken teeth. Exposure to radon, a decay product of radium, is associated with lung cancer risk.

In general, Pennsylvania fails to treat TENORM from shale gas development as low level radioactive waste. Failure to treat it as such jeopardizes the health and well-being of those living proximity to any site where this - this waste is accumulating. Improper handling of TENORM, especially when it comes to disposal of shale gas waste, is a legacy problem for the State of Pennsylvania, one that will impact the public health of Pennsylvanians well into the future.

Radium-226 has a half-life of 1,600 years. It is concentrated in the leachate and resulting sludge at landfills including MAX's Bulger and Yukon facilities.

We ask that the EQB deny MAX's request to - delist the sludge generated from the treatment of disposal impoundment and landfill leachate and

contact stormwater. Thank you very much for your time and for the opportunity to comment.

CHAIR: Thank you for your comments, Debbie.

That is the end of everyone who of the list of people who have signed up to provide testimony this evening.

Is there anyone else who may be listening who wanted to provide testimony but did not register in advance? If so, if you can go ahead and just send a message in the chat box to let us know and we can unmute you if you'd like to provide testimony. I'll give a few moments then if you want to let us know.

Do we have anyone? Unfortunately, I can't see when I go and share my screen. I've been told we don't have anyone in chat.

So in that case, on behalf of the Board - with no other commenters present, on behalf of the EQB I hereby adjourn this hearing at 6:40 p.m. Thank you, everyone. Have a great evening.

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VIDEOCONFERENCE HEARING CONCLUDED AT 6:40 P.M.

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CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings, hearing was held before Chair Griffin, was reported by me on January 26, 2022 and that I, Gregory Jones, read this transcript and that I attest that this transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceeding.

Dated the 17 day of February, 2022

Court Reporter

Gregory Jones